Sterilization & Cleaning (Instruments/Reusable Goods)

Reduces the risk of Surgical Site Infections - (SSIs)

- Cleaning removes microorganisms
- **Decontamination** renders microorganisms non-infectious
- Sterilization kills microorganisms & spores

Cleaning, decontamination & sterilization performed sequentially

- Sterilization process uses saturated steam under pressure
- Heat & moisture-stable items/cooled to room temp
- Bowie Dick tests used daily

Follow manufacturer's IFU (instructions for use)

Know terminology/Supervise point-of-use cleaning

Spaulding Classification: Determines the level of sterilization required (based upon the patient tissue that the device will contact during use)

- Critical Instruments-
 - O Device contacts sterile tissue or blood stream
 - (Require sterilization)
 - Surgical Instruments
- Semi-Critical Instruments-
 - O Device contacts mucous membrane/non in-tact skin
 - (Require high-level disinfection)
 - Vaginal speculum/anesthesia equip/flex. endoscopes
- Non-Critical Instruments-
 - O Device will contact in-tact skin
 - (Require intermediate or low-level disinfection)
 - Ultrasound probes/BP cuffs/environment surfaces

